## Exercise 1.67

A sample of ascorbic acid (vitamin C) is synthesized in the laboratory. It contains 1.50 g of carbon and 2.00 g of oxygen. Another sample of ascorbic acid isolated from citrus fruits contains 6.35 g of carbon. According to the law of constant composition, how many grams of oxygen does it contain?

## Solution

There are 1.50 g of carbon associated with every 2.00 g of oxygen. The law of constant composition states that

$$
\frac{1.50 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{C}}{2.00 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}}=\frac{6.35 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{C}}{x \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}}
$$

Solve for $x$ by first inverting both sides

$$
\frac{2.00 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}}{1.50 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{C}}=\frac{x \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}}{6.35 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{C}}
$$

and then multiplying both sides by 6.35 g C .

$$
x=\frac{2.00 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}}{1.50 \mathrm{~g} \ell}(6.35 \mathrm{~g} \ell) \approx 8.47 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{O}
$$

